

SE Course: Numerical Methods

<http://www.cs.aaue.dk/~yang/course/NMbasis/NM2010.htm>
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MM9: Euler's Method and Runge-Kutta Methods

1 kl.12:30-14:00, Euler's Method and Runge-Kutta Methods

- What we talked in MM8;
- Euler's Method
- Runge-Kutta Methods;
- Matlab implementations.

2 kl.14:10-15:40, Exercises for MM9

Question One (Exercise 6.1.1-4, pp.178):

Concern the differential equation

$$y' = x/y. \quad (1)$$

- Find the general solution of the differential equation;
- For the initial condition $y(0) = 3$, use the Euler's method with steps $h = 1, 1/2$ and $1/4$ to approximate $y(1)$;
- Use Euler's method to solve the initial-value problem $y(0) = 3$ over $[0, 4]$ with $N = 10, 100$ and 200 steps;
- Tabulate the errors in the approximate values of $y(4)$.

Question Two (Exercise 6.2.1, pp.185):

Continue to concern the differential equation (1). For the initial condition $y(0) = 3$, use the corrected Euler's method with steps $h = 1, 1/2$ and $1/4$ to approximate $y(1)$.

Question Three (Exercise 6.2.7, pp.185-186):

Use the classical Runge-Kutta RK4 method with steplengths $h = 10^{-k}$ for $k = 1, 2, 3$ to solve the initial-value problem

$$y' = x + y^2$$

with $y(0) = 0$ on $[0, 1]$. Tabulate the results for $x = 0, 0.1, 0.2, \dots, 1$ and graph the solutions.